

Categorical Conjectures.

Conj: $k = \mathbb{C}, e = \mathbb{C}$

(dRLS₂)

$$\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G) \cong \text{IndCoh}_{N:ip}(LS_{\tilde{G}})$$

What's $\text{IndCoh}_{N:ip}$? Why?

Fact: $LS_{\tilde{G}}$ is singular.

• Ex: $X = \mathbb{P}^1, LS_{\tilde{G}}(\mathbb{P}^1) = \mathbb{P}\tilde{G} \underset{\partial/\hbar}{\simeq} \mathbb{P}\tilde{G}$ derived stack

Why do we care about the derived structure?

$$\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G(\mathbb{P}^1)) = \text{DMod}(G(\mathbb{O})/G(k)/G(\mathbb{O}))$$

$\#$
 $\text{Rep}(\tilde{G})$

as ∞ -categories
(even triangulated categories)

For singular schemes/stacks, (\mathcal{O}_Y bounded)

$$\text{Perf}(Y) \subsetneq \text{Coh}(Y)$$

• Ex: $\text{Spec } k[\epsilon]/\epsilon^2, \deg \epsilon = -1$, then $k \in \text{Coh}, k \notin \text{Perf}$

$$(\dots A \xrightarrow{\epsilon} A \xrightarrow{\epsilon} A \rightarrow k)$$

$$\text{QCoh}(Y) \subsetneq \text{IndCoh}(Y)$$

Y nice enough. is

$$\text{IndPerf}(Y)$$

There are categories between Perf and Coh

$$\text{Sing}(Y) = \text{Spec}_{/Y}(\underline{H^1(T(Y))}) \quad T^+(Y)$$

$\forall Y$ smooth.

For any $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}(Y)$, can define conical $\text{supp}(\mathcal{F}) \subset \text{Sing}(Y)$

$$\text{Coh}_N(Y) := \{ \mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}(Y) \mid \text{supp}(\mathcal{F}) \subset N \}$$

$$\text{Coh}_0(Y) \simeq \text{Perf}(Y)$$

Conj: $k = \mathbb{C}$, $e = \mathbb{C}$

$$D_{\text{Mod}}(\text{Bun}_G) \cong \text{IndCoh}_{\text{Nip}}(\text{LS}_G).$$

Why expect this ?

- Reason 1: derived Satake:

Thm: $D_{\text{Mod}}(G(\mathbb{O})/G(k)/G(\mathbb{O})) \cong \text{IndCoh}_{\text{Nip}}((\text{pt}_{\mathbb{C}}/\text{pt})/\check{G})$

$$\text{Sing}(\text{pt}_{\mathbb{C}}/\text{pt}) = (\check{g})^* = \check{g} \supset \text{Nip}.$$

- Reason 2: Eisenstein series:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} G & \leftarrow P & \rightarrow M \\ & \swarrow P & \searrow q \\ \text{Bun}_G & & \text{Bun}_M \end{array}$$

$E_{i,1} := P_* \circ q^* : D_{\text{Mod}}(\text{Bun}_M) \rightarrow D_{\text{Mod}}(\text{Bun}_G)$
 right adjoint $CT_* = q_* \circ P^*$ continuous.

- But

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{LS}_M & \\ & \swarrow \check{P} & \searrow \check{q} \\ \text{LS}_G & & \text{LS}_M \end{array}$$

$\check{P}_* \circ \check{q}^* : \text{QCoh}(\text{LS}_M) \rightarrow \text{QCoh}(\text{LS}_G)$ does not have continuous right adjoint

\check{P} is proper: \check{P}_* sends Coh to Coh
 but \check{P}^* to ~~not Coh~~
 Coh_{Nip}.

But why Nilp ?

$$\check{p}_* \cdot \check{q}^* (\text{Perf}(LS\check{m})) \subset \text{Coh}_{\text{Nilp}}(LS\check{g}).$$

• Fact : $\text{IndCoh}_{\text{Nilp}}(LS\check{g})$ is generated by

$$E_{\check{p}}^{\text{Spec}} (\text{Perf}(LS\check{m})) \text{ for all } \check{m} \text{ (including } \check{g}).$$

Conj : $\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G)_{\text{temp}} \stackrel{\text{TBSO}}{=} \text{QGr}(LS\check{g})$

• Fact : $\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G)$ is generated by

$$E_{\check{p}}(\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_m)_{\text{temp, cpt}}) \text{ for all } m.$$

$$(\text{Conj temped} \Leftrightarrow \text{Conj all})$$

Ideologically :

$\text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G)_{\text{temp}}$ is the part that can be detected by Whittaker.

Recall :

$$\text{Whit}(\text{Bun}_G^{\text{N-gar}}) \xrightarrow{!-\text{push}} \text{DMod}(\text{Bun}_G)$$

$$\int_{G\check{c}} \text{Whit}(G\check{c}) = \int_{G\check{c}} \text{Rep}(\check{c})$$

know generates \searrow
 but not know \searrow
 Verdier quotient yet. $\text{DMol}(\mathbb{P}^n)_{\text{temp}}$ \nearrow by def
 \cup known
 $\text{DMol}(\mathbb{P}^n)_{\text{cusp}}$

In reality: define $\text{DMol}(\mathbb{P}^n)_{\text{temp}}$ using other method.

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Sph}_{G, x} & \hookrightarrow & \text{DMol}(\text{DMol}(A_n)) \\
 \text{"} & & \\
 \text{DMol}(G(\mathbb{Q}_x) \backslash G(\mathbb{K}_x) / G(\mathbb{O}_x)) & & \\
 \text{" t-exact} & & \\
 \text{Ind}_{G(\mathbb{O}_x)}^G(\rho \otimes \rho^*(\check{\alpha})) & & \\
 \updownarrow & & \\
 \text{QGh}(\rho \otimes \rho^*(\check{\alpha})) & & \\
 \text{(Also the left completion)} & &
 \end{array}$$

Def

$\mathcal{F} \in \text{DMol}(\mathbb{P}^n)$ is tempered iff
 $\text{Sph}_{G, x} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{F}$ factors through its
 left completion.

Fact: This does not depend on x .

What about other sheaf-theories?

Betti setting.

Betti-version. Rep of π_1 .

$$\text{Caj: } \text{Shv}_{\text{Nilp}}(\text{Bun}_G) \simeq \text{IndCoh}_{\text{Nilp}}(\text{LS}_G)$$

What's Shv_{Nilp} ?

- Singular support for sheaves:

$$\mathcal{F} \in \text{Shv}(Y), \text{ Supp}(\mathcal{F}) \subset T^*Y$$

defined using micro-local analysis (nearby cycles).

$$(\mathcal{F} \text{ is local system} \Leftrightarrow \text{Supp}(\mathcal{F}) = \emptyset)$$

$$T_{\mathcal{F}} \text{Bun}_G \simeq H^i(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}}) [i]$$

$$T_{\mathcal{F}}^+ \text{Bun}_G \simeq H^i(X, \mathcal{G}_{\mathcal{F}}^* \otimes \Omega_X)$$

Higgs_G

$$\text{Nilp} = \text{Higgs}_G.$$